

Alico, Inc.
P. O. Box 338
La Belle, FL 33975

November 15, 2002

Securities and Exchange Commission
Washington, D.C. 20549

Gentlemen:

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we are transmitting herewith the attached Form 10-K for the year ending August 31, 2002.

Sincerely,

ALICO, INC.

L. Craig Simmons

L. Craig Simmons
Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D. C. 20549
FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 (FEE REQUIRED)
For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2002.

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 (NO FEE REQUIRED)
For the transition period from _____ to_____.
Commission file number 0-261.

ALICO, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida

59-0906081

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

P. O. Box 338, La Belle, Florida

33975

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(863) 675-2966

Registrant's telephone number, including area code _____

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(b) OF THE ACT:

Title of each class	Name of each exchange on which registered
_____	_____
None	None

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(g) OF THE ACT:

COMMON CAPITAL STOCK, \$1.00 Par value, Non-cumulative

(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months or for such shorter period that such registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. _____

As of October 11, 2002 there were 7,093,092 shares of stock outstanding and the aggregate market value (based upon the average bid and asked price, as quoted on NASDAQ) of the common stock held by non-affiliates was approximately \$101,184,156.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's Proxy Statement dated November 8, 2002 are incorporated by reference in Parts II and III, respectively.

PART I

Item 1. Business.

Alico, Inc. (the "Company") is generally recognized as an agribusiness company operating in Central and Southwest Florida. The Company's primary asset is 140,526 acres of land located in Collier, Hendry, Lee and Polk Counties. (See table on Page 7 for location and acreage by current primary use.) The Company is involved in various operations and activities including citrus fruit production, cattle ranching, sugarcane and sod production, and forestry. The Company also leases land for farming, cattle grazing, recreation, and oil exploration.

The Company's land is managed for multiple use wherever possible. Cattle ranching, forestry and land leased for farming, grazing, recreation and oil exploration, in some instances, utilize the same acreage.

Agricultural operations have combined to produce from 69 to 89 percent of annual revenues during the past five years. Citrus groves generate the most gross revenue. Sugarcane ranks second in revenue production. While the cattle ranching operation utilizes the largest acreage, it ranks third in the production of revenue. Approximately 9,197 acres of the Company's property are classified as timberlands, however, the area in which these lands are located is not highly rated for timber production. These lands are also utilized as native range, in the ranching operation, and leased out for recreation and oil exploration.

Diversification of the Company's agricultural base was initiated with the development of a Sugarcane Division at the end of the 1988 fiscal year. The 11,680 acres in production during the 2002 fiscal year consisted of 1,520 acres planted in 1997, 3,326 acres planted in 1998, 4,152 acres planted in 1999 and 2,682 acres planted in 2000.

Leasing of lands for rock mining and oil and mineral exploration, rental of land for grazing, farming, recreation and other uses, while not classified as agricultural operations, are important components of the Company's land utilization and operation. Gross revenue from these activities during the past five years has ranged from 4 to 5 percent of total revenue.

The Company is not in the retail land sales and development business, except through its wholly owned subsidiary, Saddlebag Lake Resorts, Inc.. However, it does from time to time sell properties which, in the judgment of management, are surplus to the Company's primary operations. Additionally, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Agri-Insurance Company, Ltd., engages in bulk land sales in connection with the generation of underwriting capital. Gains from sales of real estate during the past five years has ranged from 3 to 23 percent of total revenues.

For further discussion of the relative importance of the various segments of the Company's operations, including financial information regarding revenues, operating profits (losses) and assets attributable to each major segment of the Company's business, see Note 15 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included elsewhere in this document.

Subsidiary Operations

The Company has two wholly owned subsidiaries; Saddlebag Lake Resorts, Inc. ("Saddlebag") and Agri-Insurance Company, Ltd. ("Agri"). Saddlebag has been active in the subdividing, development and sale of real estate since its inception in 1971. Saddlebag has two subdivisions near Frostproof, Florida which have been developed and are on the market. While one of the subdivisions has been sold out, approximately 62% of the lots in the second development have been sold.

Agri, formed during fiscal 2000, was created to write crop insurance against catastrophic losses due to weather and disease. During fiscal 2002, Agri supplied reinsurance to an independent underwriter who insured catastrophic business interruption coverage for Ben Hill Griffin, Inc.. The total coverage under the policy was \$3.2 million and the premium charged was \$128 thousand. The coverage term was from December 2001 to December 2002. The Company expects to renew the policy and appropriately adjust premium rates. Additionally, Agri directly underwrote catastrophic business interruption coverage for its parent company, Alico, Inc., insuring all of Alico's citrus groves. The coverage term was from August 31, 2002 to August 2003. Total coverage under the policy was \$12.7 million and the premium charged was \$803 thousand.

The financial results of the operation of these subsidiaries are consolidated with those of the Company. (See Note 1 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.)

Citrus

Approximately 9,756 acres of citrus were harvested during the 2001/02 season. Since 1983 the Company has maintained a marketing contract covering the majority of the Company's citrus crop with Ben Hill Griffin, Inc., a Florida corporation and major shareholder. The agreement provides for modifications to meet changing market conditions and provides that either party may terminate the contract by giving notice prior to the first day of August preceding each fruit season. Under the terms of the contract, the Company's fruit is packed and/or processed and sold along with fruit from other growers, including Ben Hill Griffin, Inc. The proceeds are distributed on a pro rata basis as the finished product is sold. During the year ended August 31, 2002, approximately 77% of the Company's fruit crop was marketed under this agreement, the same percentage as in the year ended August 31, 2001. In addition, Ben Hill Griffin, Inc. provides harvesting services to the Company for citrus sold to unrelated processors. These sales accounted for the remaining 23% of total citrus revenue for the year. For the year ended August 31, 2000, approximately 76% of the Company's fruit crop was marketed under this agreement.

Ranch

The Company has a cattle operation located in Hendry and Collier Counties, Florida which is engaged primarily in the production of beef cattle and the raising of replacement heifers. The breeding herd consists of approximately 13,755 cows, bulls and replacement heifers. Approximately 47% of the herd are from one to five years old, while the remaining 53% are six and older. The Company primarily sells to packing and processing plants. The Company also sells cattle through local livestock auction markets and to contract cattle buyers. These buyers provide ready markets for the Company's cattle. The loss of any one or a few of these plants and/or buyers would not, in management's view, have a material adverse effect on the Company's cattle operation. Subject to prevailing market conditions, the Company may hedge its beef inventory by

entering into cattle futures contracts to reduce exposure to changes in market prices.

Sugarcane

The Company had 11,680 acres, 11,722 acres, and 9,588 acres of sugarcane in production during the 2001/02, 2000/01, and 1999/00 fiscal years, respectively. The 2001/02, 2000/01, and 1999/00 crops yielded approximately 376,000, 417,000, and 321,000 gross tons, respectively.

Forest Products

Approximately 7% of the Company's properties are classified as timberlands. The principal forest products sold by the Company are sabal palms and other horticultural commodities. These products are sold to various landscaping companies. The Company does not incur any of the harvesting expenses.

Part of the lands, from which the timber was removed, is being converted to semi-improved pasture and other uses.

Land Rental for Grazing, Agricultural and Other Uses

The Company rents land to others for grazing, farming and recreational uses, on a tenant-at-will basis, for an annual fee. The income is not significant when compared to overall gross income, however, it does help to offset the expense of carrying these properties until they are put to a more profitable use. The Company has developed additional land to lease for farming.

There were no significant changes in the method of rental for these purposes during the past fiscal year.

Leases for Oil and Mineral Exploration

The Company has leased subsurface rights to a portion of its properties for the purpose of oil and mineral exploration. Currently, there are two leases in effect.

Twenty-four wells have been drilled during the years that the Company has been leasing subsurface rights to oil companies. The drilling has resulted in twenty-one dry holes, one marginal producer, which has been abandoned, and two average producers, still producing.

Mining Operations: Rock and Sand

The Company leases 6,143 acres in Lee County, Florida to CSR America, Inc. of West Palm Beach, Florida for mining and production of rock, aggregate, sand, baserock and other road building and construction materials.

Royalties which the company receives for these products are based on a percentage of the F.O.B. plant sales price.

Competition

As indicated, the Company is primarily engaged in a limited number of agricultural activities, all of which are highly competitive. For instance, citrus is grown in several states, the most notable of which are: Florida, California, Arizona and Texas. In addition, citrus and sugarcane products are imported from some foreign countries. Beef cattle are produced throughout the United States and domestic beef sales must also

compete with sales of imported beef. Additionally, forest and rock products are produced in most parts of the United States. Leasing of land for oil exploration is also widespread.

The Company's share of the market for citrus, sugarcane, cattle and forest products in the United States is insignificant.

Environmental Regulations

The Company's operation is subject to various federal, state and local laws regulating the discharge of materials into the environment. The Company is in compliance with all such rules and such compliance has not had a material effect upon capital expenditures, earnings or the competitive position of the Company.

While compliance with environmental regulations has not had a material economic effect on the Company's operations, executive officers are required to spend a considerable amount of time keeping current on these matters. In addition, there are ongoing costs incurred in complying with the permitting and reporting requirements.

Employees

At the end of August 2002, the Company had a total of 152 full-time employees classified as follows: Citrus 73; Ranch 19; Sugarcane 16; Facilities Maintenance Support 27; General and Administrative 17. There are no employees engaged in the development of new products or research. Management is not aware of any efforts by employees or outside organizers to create any type of labor union arrangement. Management believes that the employer/employee relationship environment is such that labor organization activities are unlikely to occur.

Seasonal Nature of Business

As with any agribusiness enterprise, the Company's business operations are predominantly seasonal in nature. The harvest and sale of citrus fruit generally occurs from October to June. Sugarcane is harvested during the first, second and third quarters. Other segments of the Company's business such as its cattle and sod sales, and its timber, mining and leasing operations, tend to be more successive than seasonal in nature.

Item 2. Properties.

At August 31, 2002, the Company owned a total of 140,526 acres of land located in four counties in Florida. Acreage in each county and the primary classification with respect to present use of these properties is shown in the following table:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

ACREAGE BY CURRENT PRIMARY USE

<S>

County	Timber Land	Native Pasture	Improved Pasture	Sod	Citrus Land	Sugar- cane	Agri- culture	Other	Total
Polk	<C> 251	<C> 9,268	<C> 359	<C> --	<C> 3,253	<C> --	<C> --	<C> 1	<C> 13,132
Lee	3,221	1,086	--	--	--	--	1,460	625	6,392
Hendry	3,823	43,138	24,774	580	3,765	14,358	15,953	3,435	109,826
Collier	1,902	1,700	1,112	--	4,129	--	--	2,333	11,176
Totals	9,197	55,192	26,245	580	11,147	14,358	17,413	6,394	140,526

</TABLE>

Of the above lands, the Company utilizes 24,178 acres of improved pasture plus approximately 46,000 acres of native pasture for cattle production and 6,143 acres are leased for rock mining operations. Much of the land is also leased for multi-purpose use such as cattle grazing, oil exploration, agriculture and recreation.

In addition to the land shown in the above table, the Company owns full subsurface rights to 1,064 acres and fractional subsurface rights to 18,707 acres located throughout the Counties referred to above.

From the inception of the Company's initial development program in 1948, the goal has been to develop the lands for the most profitable use. Prior to implementation of the development program, detailed studies were made of the properties focusing on soil capabilities, topography, transportation, availability of markets and the climatic characteristics of each of the tracts. Based on these and later studies, the use of each tract was determined. It is the opinion of Management that the lands are suitable for agricultural, residential and commercial uses. However, since the Company is primarily engaged in agricultural activities, some of the lands are considered surplus to its needs for this purpose and, as indicated under Item 1 of this report, sales of real property are made from time to time.

Management believes that each of the major programs is adequately supported by agricultural equipment, buildings, fences, irrigation systems and other amenities required for the operation of the projects.

The Company has been informed by Ben Hill Griffin III, Chairman of the Board, that he is party to a lawsuit filed against him in Polk County, Florida Circuit Court by the families of his four sisters, most of the members of whom are beneficiaries of a trust, entitled the Ben Hill Griffin, Jr. Revocable Inter Vivos Trust #1 (the "Trust"). The plaintiffs in the lawsuit (The Four Sisters Protectorate, et al. v. Ben Hill Griffin, III, Trustee, Case No. GC-G-0054, Section 81) sought to impose judicial sanctions on Mr. Griffin III, including his removal as Trustee of the Trust based on allegations of over-compensation and receipt of an illegal bonus. On March 29, 2001, after court-ordered mediation pending completion of which the trial was adjourned, Mr. Griffin III and a representative of

the Four Sisters Protectorate, joined by their respective counsel, executed a "Settlement Agreement" which set forth the basic elements of a settlement of the lawsuit, contingent upon several events, including Internal Revenue Service approval of the proposed transaction as a tax free split-off for federal income tax purposes, and the Court's judicial termination of the Trust. The terms contained in the Settlement Agreement were not intended, nor were they sufficient, to resolve all specific items necessary to consummate a settlement of the lawsuit. The Settlement Agreement provided that the shares of Alico, Inc., stock then owned by Ben Hill Griffin Investments Inc. would be utilized in the tax free split-off, along with other assets, as a means of allocating to the Four Sisters Protectorate assets approximating the value of their interests in Ben Hill Griffin Investments Inc., a holding company wholly owned by the Trust, Ben Hill Griffin III, The Four Sisters Protectorate and its members.

Mr. Griffin III has indicated that following execution of the Settlement Agreement the parties disagreed as to its validity or enforceability on various grounds. On May 14, 2001, the Harris Family filed a motion in the Circuit Court of the 10th Judicial Circuit in and for Polk County, Florida (Case No. GC-G-0054) seeking to have the Settlement Agreement set aside as invalid and unenforceable. On November 2, 2001 the Court entered a written order that the Settlement Agreement is enforceable. The Harris family has filed an Appeal in response to the order. Mr. Griffin, III has informed the Company that the issues related to the mechanism and terms of the proposed distribution of certain of the assets of the Trust to the families of the four sisters, including the Alico stock beneficially owned by the Trust, have been worked out between the representatives of the four sisters and Ben Hill Griffin III, and are set forth in a definitive separation agreement. The Company further understands that consummation of the settlement continues to be subject to certain conditions which are still pending, specifically, the Harris family litigation. The Company has been informed by Mr. Griffin III that the parties have received a favorable IRS Revenue Ruling. Neither the Company nor Mr. Griffin III or his attorneys know when the settlement will be implemented, but believe related litigation proceedings could take 6 months to a year to be resolved.

Mr. Griffin III has also informed the Company that immediately before the hearing on the enforcement of the State court action, lawyers for the Harris family provided Mr. Griffin III's attorneys with copies of a federal court action naming

among others as defendants, Mr. Griffin III, individually and as Trustee of the Ben Hill Griffin, Jr., revocable Inter Vivos Trust #1, and BHG Inc. According to Mr. Griffin III's attorneys, this litigation was filed in the federal district court for the Northern District of Florida (Case No: 4:olcv 432-5PM).

The complaint, among other things, seeks to set aside the settlement agreement based on alleged violations of the securities laws, fraud, and negligence. This suit was filed on October 2, 2001. Mr. Griffin III's attorneys have indicated that they believe this suit is without merit, if not frivolous, and have stated that Mr. Griffin III will defend it vigorously.

Since the Company opted out of the Florida Business Corporation Act's provisions on Affiliated Transactions and Control Share Acquisitions (currently FBCA s. 607.0901 and s. 607.0902) under the predecessor statutes to such sections, transactions contemplated by the Settlement Agreement may not be subject to shareholder approval or review by the Company's Board of Directors.

The Company is not a party to any of this litigation.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

PART II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Stock and Related Stockholder Matters.

Common Stock Prices

The common stock of Alico, Inc. is traded over-the-counter on the NASDAQ National Market System under the symbol ALCO. The high and low sales prices, by fiscal quarter, during the years ended August 31, 2002 and 2001 are presented below:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2002 Bid Price		2001 Bid Price	
<S>	High <C>	Low <C>	High <C>	Low
<C>				
First Quarter	30.21	24.90	16.81	15.31
Second Quarter	32.17	28.50	17.75	15.63
Third Quarter	29.70	28.20	28.63	15.75

Fourth Quarter	29.54	28.01	32.06	26.63
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</TABLE>

Approximate Number of Holders of Common Stock

As of October 11, 2002, there were approximately 619 holders of record of the Company's Common Stock.

Dividend Information

Only year-end dividends have been paid and during the last three fiscal years the dividends were as follows:

Record Date	Payment Date	Amount Paid Per Share
October 18, 1999	November 5, 1999	\$.30
October 13, 2000	October 27, 2000	\$ 1.00
October 12, 2001	October 26, 2001	\$ 1.00

Dividends are paid at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors. The Company foresees no change in its ability to pay annual dividends in the immediate future; nevertheless, there is no assurance that dividends will be paid in the future since they are dependent upon earnings, the financial condition of the Company, and other factors.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

Number of	Number of securities remaining
-----------	--------------------------------

Plan category	securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted Average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
	(a)	(b)	(c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	117,847	\$15.20	479,636
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	-	-	-
Total	117,847	\$15.20	479,636

Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

<S>

Years Ended August 31,

DESCRIPTION 2002 2001 2000 1999 1998

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

<C>

<C>

<C>

<C>

<C>

Revenues	\$ 62,530	\$ 68,318	\$ 62,540	\$ 44,947	\$ 44,679
Costs & Expenses	52,737	48,205	41,965	37,886	33,654
Income Taxes	2,258	4,046	6,464	2,980	4,249
Net Income	7,535	16,066	14,111	4,081	6,776
Average Number of Shares Outstanding	7,070	7,033	7,028	7,028	7,028
Net Income Per Share	1.07	2.29	2.01	.58	.96
Cash Dividend Paid per Share	1.00	1.00	.30	.50	.60
Current Assets	66,267	61,345	56,578	45,182	42,354
Total Assets	191,909	179,134	176,876	156,922	130,554
Current Liabilities	9,543	7,691	12,346	8,738	5,649
Ratio-Current Assets to Current Liabilities	6.94:1	7.98:1	4.58:1	5.17:1	7.50:1
Working Capital	56,724	53,654	44,232	36,444	36,705
Long-Term					

Obligations	69,149	58,818	60,985	56,789	34,938
Total Liabilities	78,692	66,508	73,331	65,527	40,587
Stockholders'					
Equity	113,217	112,625	103,545	91,395	89,967

</TABLE>

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial

Condition and Results of Operations.

Cautionary Statement

Readers should note, in particular, that this document contains forward-looking Statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. When used in this document, or in the documents incorporated by reference herein, the words "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "may", "intend", "expect" and other words of similar meaning, are likely to address the Company's growth strategy, financial results and/or product development programs. Actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those contemplated, expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements contained herein. The considerations listed herein represent certain important factors the Company believes could cause such results to differ. These considerations are not intended to represent a complete list of the general or specific risks that may affect the Company. It should be recognized that other risks, including general economic factors and expansion strategies, may be significant, presently or in the future, and the risks set forth herein may affect the Company to a greater extent than indicated.

The following discussion focuses on the results of operations and the financial condition of the Company.

This section should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company had cash and marketable securities of \$31.6 million at August 31, 2002, compared with \$25.0 million at August 31, 2001. Working capital was \$56.7 million and \$53.7 million at August 31, 2002 and August 31, 2001 respectively.

Cash outlay for land, equipment, buildings, and other improvements totaled \$9.3 million during fiscal 2002, compared to

\$8.5 million during fiscal 2001 and \$10.0 million during fiscal 2000, respectively. Land preparation for citrus development and capital maintenance continued, as did expenditures for replacement equipment and raising of breeding cattle. Additional sod

acreage also was developed.

Management believes that the Company will be able to meet its working capital requirements for the foreseeable future with internally generated funds. In addition, the Company has credit commitments which provide for revolving credit of up to \$54.0 million, of which \$13.0 million was available for the Company's general use at August 31, 2002 (see Note 6 of Notes to consolidated financial statements).

Results of Operations

Summary of results (in thousands):

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Years Ended August 31,		
	2002	2001	2000
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Operating revenue	\$49,185	\$51,533	\$45,207
Gross profit	9,679	11,921	11,364
General & administrative expenses	10,806	5,471	4,416
Income (loss) from operations	(1,127)	6,450	6,949
Profit on sale of real estate	11,641	11,354	13,281
Interest and investment income	1,471	2,124	3,093
Interest expense	2,421	3,029	3,020
Other income	229	3,213	272
Provision for income taxes	2,258	4,046	6,464
Effective income tax rate	23.1%	20.1%	31.4%
Net income	7,535	16,066	14,111

</TABLE>

Operating Revenue

Operating revenues for fiscal 2002 decreased compared to fiscal 2001. A decrease in revenues from agricultural activities was the most significant factor in the decline.

Operating revenues for fiscal 2001 increased when compared to those of fiscal 2000. An increase in revenues from agricultural activities was the most significant factor in the rise.

Income (loss) from Operations

Earnings from operations decreased significantly during fiscal 2002 when compared to the prior year (\$(1,127) in fiscal 2002 vs. \$6,450 in fiscal 2001). The decrease was largely impacted by the Company's commitment to donate \$5.0 million to Florida Gulf Coast University (the University) in December 2001, for a new athletic complex, scholarships and athletic programs. In accordance with the Company's agreement with the University, \$1.0 million was donated in fiscal 2002, and \$800 thousand will be donated each year over the next five years. The entire donation has been accrued and is included in general and administrative expenses in the current year. The remaining decline in gross profits from operations was due to a decline in earnings from agricultural activities.

Income from operations decreased 7% during fiscal 2001 due to increased general and administrative expenses.

Profit on Sale of Real Estate

Profit from retail land sales, made through Saddlebag, were at breakeven for fiscal 2002 and 2001. Profit from bulk land sales, increased from \$11.4 million in fiscal 2001 to \$11.6 million in fiscal 2002.

Real estate profits decreased from \$13.3 million in fiscal 2000 to \$11.4 million during fiscal 2001.

Interest and Investment Income

Interest and investment income is generated principally from investments in marketable equity securities, corporate and

municipal bonds, mutual funds, U.S. Treasury securities and mortgages held on real estate sold on the installment basis. Realized investment earnings were reinvested throughout fiscal 2002, 2001 and 2000, increasing investment levels during each year. The decrease in fiscal 2002 and 2001 interest and realized and unrealized investment income resulted from unfavorable financial conditions. The rise in fiscal 2000 interest and realized and unrealized investment income resulted from favorable market conditions during the year.

Interest Expense

Interest expense declined during fiscal 2002 when compared to fiscal 2001, as interest rates on borrowings have declined.

Interest expense increased during fiscal 2001 and 2000, compared to each respective prior year. This was primarily due to increased borrowings related to the acquisition of 7,680 acres of sugarcane, citrus and ranch during fiscal 1999. Total interest cost decreased slightly in 2001 while increasing 54% during fiscal 2000.

Individual Operating Divisions

Gross profit for the individual operating divisions, for fiscal

2002, 2001 and 2000, is presented in the following schedule and is discussed in subsequent sections:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Years Ended August 31, (in thousands)		
	2002	2001	2000
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
CITRUS			
Revenues:			
Sales	\$25,105	\$27,570	\$28,172
Less harvesting & marketing	9,364	10,046	9,737
Net sales	<u>15,741</u>	<u>17,524</u>	<u>18,435</u>
Cost and expenses:			
Direct production**	8,594	8,932	8,655
Allocated cost*	3,463	3,472	3,040
Total	<u>12,057</u>	<u>12,404</u>	<u>11,695</u>
Gross profit, citrus	<u>3,684</u>	<u>5,120</u>	<u>6,740</u>
SUGARCANE			
Revenues:			
Sales	11,300	11,939	8,501
Less harvesting & hauling	2,239	2,516	1,997
Net sales	<u>9,061</u>	<u>9,423</u>	<u>6,504</u>
Costs and expenses:			
Direct production	3,731	3,810	2,787
Allocated cost*	3,220	2,992	2,178
Total	<u>6,951</u>	<u>6,802</u>	<u>4,965</u>
Gross profit, sugarcane	<u>2,110</u>	<u>2,621</u>	<u>1,539</u>
Years Ended August 31, (in thousands)			
	2002	2001	2000
RANCH			
Revenues:			
Sales	9,591	9,299	6,062
Costs and expenses:			
Direct production	6,321	5,571	3,844
Allocated cost*	2,461	2,133	1,479
Total	<u>8,782</u>	<u>7,704</u>	<u>5,323</u>
Gross profit, ranch	<u>809</u>	<u>1,595</u>	<u>739</u>
Total gross profit, agriculture	<u>6,603</u>	<u>9,336</u>	<u>9,018</u>
OTHER OPERATIONS			
Revenues:			
Rock products & sand	1,999	1,726	1,320
Oil leases & land rentals	721	770	923
Forest products	355	91	84

Recovery of citrus eradication costs in excess of basis	-	2,968	235
Other	229	245	37
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	3,304	5,800	2,599
Costs and expenses:			
Allocated cost*	735	604	658
General & administrative, all operations	10,070	4,867	3,757
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	10,805	5,471	4,415
Gross (loss) income, other operations	(7,501)	329	(1,816)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	Years Ended August 31, (in thousands)		
	2002	2001	2000
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total gross profit (loss)	(898)	9,665	7,202
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
INTEREST & DIVIDENDS			
Revenue	1,471	2,124	3,094
Expense	2,421	3,029	3,020
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Interest & dividends, net	(950)	(905)	74
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
REAL ESTATE			
Revenue:			
Sale of real estate	11,758	12,442	14,112
Expenses:			
Cost of sales	61	857	126
Other Costs	56	233	687
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	117	1,090	813
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Gain on sale of real estate	11,641	11,352	13,299
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Income before income taxes	\$ 9,793	\$20,112	\$20,575
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

</TABLE>

* Allocated cost includes ad valorem and payroll taxes, depreciation and insurance.

** Excludes capitalized maintenance cost of groves less than five years of age consisting of \$2.5 million on 1,326 acres in 2002, \$200 thousand on 570 acres in 2001, and \$309 thousand on 411 acres in 2000.

Gross profit was \$3.7 million in fiscal 2002, \$5.1 million in fiscal 2001, and \$6.7 million for fiscal 2000.

Revenue from citrus sales decreased 9% during fiscal 2002, compared to fiscal 2001 (\$25.1 million during fiscal 2002 vs. \$27.6 million during fiscal 2001).

Production decreased during fiscal 2002, compared to fiscal 2001, and was the primary cause of the decline.

Harvesting and marketing costs decreased when compared to fiscal 2001 due to the decrease in boxes harvested during the year. Direct production and allocated costs decreased 3% due to a decline in the number of producing acres.

Revenue from citrus sales decreased 2% during fiscal 2001, compared to fiscal 2000 (\$27.6 million during fiscal 2001 vs. \$28.2 million during fiscal 2000).

Production improved during fiscal 2001, however, the average market price decreased compared to fiscal 2000.

Harvesting and marketing costs increased in fiscal 2001 compared to fiscal 2000, corresponding with an increase in boxes harvested. Direct production and allocated costs increased 6% resulting from inflation and increased cultivation costs related to replanted trees.

The final returns from citrus pools are not precisely determinable at year end. Returns are estimated each year based on the most current information available. Differences between the estimates and the final realization of revenues can be significant. Revenues collected in excess of prior year and year end estimates were \$568 thousand, \$617 thousand, and \$1.8 million during fiscal 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

ACREAGE BY VARIETY AND AGE

<S> VARIETY	<C> 1-4	<C> 5-6	<C> 7-8	<C> 9-10	<C> 11-12	<C> 13-14	<C> 15-16	<C> 17+	<C> Acres
Early:									
Parson Brown									
Oranges	-	-	-	-	118	30	-	-	148
Hamlin									
Oranges	225	-	22	63	-	159	872	2,152	3,493
Red Grapefruit	-	-	-	-	-	73	-	335	408
Tangelos	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	38
Navel Oranges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138	138
Mid Season:									
Pineapple									
Oranges	-	-	-	102	-	-	-	518	620
Honey									
Tangerines	-	-	76	-	-	-	-	143	219
Midsweet									
Oranges	46	71	54	110	-	-	-	-	281
Late:									
Valencia									
Oranges	1,161	206	513	310	253	1,071	784	1,504	5,802

Totals:	1,432	277	665	585	371	1,333	1,656	4,828	11,147
---------	-------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-------	-------	-------	--------

</TABLE>

Sugarcane

Gross profit for fiscal 2002 was \$2.1 million, compared to \$2.6 million in fiscal 2001 and \$1.5 million in fiscal 2000.

Sales revenues from sugarcane decreased 5% during fiscal 2002, compared to fiscal 2001 (\$11.3 million vs. \$11.9 million, respectively). The decline in revenue was the result of a decreased yield per acre resulting from drought conditions during the growing season. Direct production costs decreased 2% during fiscal 2002, compared to fiscal 2001. However, allocated costs increased 8% during 2002 over 2001 levels due to an increase in ad valorem taxes.

Sales revenues from sugarcane increased 40% during fiscal 2001, compared to fiscal 2000 (\$11.9 million vs. \$8.5 million, respectively). The rise in revenue and related costs was the result of the increase in the number of producing acres.

Ranching

The gross profit from ranch operations for fiscal 2002, 2001 and 2000 was \$809 thousand, \$1.6 million, and \$739 thousand, respectively.

Revenues from cattle sales increased 3% during fiscal 2002, compared to fiscal 2001 (\$9.6 million in fiscal 2002 vs. \$9.3 million in fiscal 2001). The proportion of animals sold from feedlots increased in the current year resulting in higher sales weights per head and higher revenues. The increase in revenues was offset, however, by a 14% rise in direct and allocated costs when compared to the prior year (\$8.8 million during fiscal 2002 and \$7.7 million during fiscal 2001).

Revenues from cattle sales increased 54% during fiscal 2001, compared to fiscal 2000 (\$9.3 million in fiscal 2001 vs. \$6.1 million in fiscal 2000). The number of animals sold during the year increased 52% over the prior year due to increased sales of feeder cattle during the year and market prices for beef improved.

Direct and allocated costs increased 45% when compared to the prior year (\$7.7 million during fiscal 2001 and \$5.3 million during fiscal 2000) corresponding to the increase in the number of animals sold.

The Company's cattle marketing activities include retention of calves in western feedlots, contract and auction sales, and risk management contracts.

Other Operations

Revenues from oil royalties and land rentals were \$721 thousand in fiscal 2002 as compared to \$770 thousand for fiscal 2001 and \$923 thousand for fiscal 2000.

Returns from rock products and sand were \$2.0 million for fiscal 2002, \$1.7 million for 2001 and \$1.3 million during 2000. Rock and sand supplies are sufficient to meet current demand, and no major price changes have occurred over the past 3 years.

Profits from the sale of sabal palms and other horticultural items, for landscaping purposes, during fiscal 2002 were \$355 thousand compared to \$91 thousand and \$84 thousand for fiscal years 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Direct and allocated expenses charged to the "Other" operations category included general and administrative and other costs not charged directly to the citrus, ranching, sugarcane divisions. These expenses totaled \$10.8 million during fiscal 2002, compared to \$5.5 million during fiscal 2001 and to \$4.4 million during fiscal 2000.

In December 2001, the Company agreed to donate \$5.0 million to the Florida Gulf Coast University for a new athletic complex, scholarships and athletic programs. As per the agreement with the University, \$1.0 million was donated in fiscal 2002, and \$800 thousand will be donated each year over the next five years. The net present value of the total donation was accrued and included in general and administrative expenses in fiscal 2002 and was the primary cause for the increase in general and administrative expenses for the year.

General Corporate

The Company is continuing its marketing and permitting activities for its land which surrounds the Florida Gulf Coast University site. There are sales contracts in place for more than 5,400 acres of the Lee County, Florida property totaling \$146.0 million. The agreements are at various stages in the due diligence process with closing dates over the next ten years.

The Company announced the formation of Agri-Insurance Company, Ltd. (Agri) a wholly owned subsidiary, during July of 2000. The insurance company was initially capitalized by transferring cash and approximately 3,000 acres of the Lee County property. Through Agri, the Company has been able to underwrite previously uninsurable risk related to catastrophic crop and other losses. Additionally, the insurance company will have access to reinsurance markets, otherwise inaccessible. The Federal Crop Insurance Program provides coverage for certain perils such as freeze damage, windstorm damage, disease, etc. However, the current Federal Crop Insurance Program does not provide business interruption coverage. The coverages currently underwritten by Agri will indemnify the insured for the loss of the revenue stream resulting from a catastrophic event that would cause a grove to be replanted. The insurance market is bifurcated into direct insurers and reinsurers. Reinsurers provide wholesale insurance coverage to direct insurers. Some specialized reinsurers will only deal with insurance companies. As a result, the only way to access the wholesale insurance market is through the formation of a captive insurance company. Reinsurers provide greater insurance coverage flexibility than can be found in the primary insurance market.

Agri is a recently created entity. It would be difficult, if not impossible, to speculate about the impact that Agri could have on the Company's financial position, results of operations and liquidity in future periods. Since the coverages that will be written, as liquidity is generated, will be primarily for the benefit of Alico, the financial substance of this venture is to insure risk that is inherent in the Company's existing operations. To expedite the creation of the capital liquidity necessary to underwrite the Company's exposure to catastrophic losses, another 5,600 acres was transferred during fiscal 2001. Agri underwrote a limited amount of coverage for Ben Hill Griffin, Inc. during fiscal 2002 and 2001 and in August 31, 2002 began insuring all of the Alico, Inc., citrus groves. As Agri gains underwriting experience and increases its liquidity, it will be able to increase its insurance program.

During September of 1999, the Company announced a sale of 1,270 acres of land surrounding the University site in Lee County for \$16.5 million. The contract called for 25 percent of the purchase price to be paid at closing, with the balance payable over the next four years. In July of 2000, Agri sold another 488 acres to the same buyer, also near the University, for \$10.6 million. In connection with the sale, the purchaser

agreed to pay off the \$12.3 million mortgage related to the September 1999 sale and pay 10% of the contract price for their second purchase at closing, with the balance payable over the next four years. The first sale generated a pre-tax gain of \$13.4 million. The gain related to the second sale was recognized during fiscal 2000, to the extent that 10% of the purchase price has been collected net of closing costs (\$959 thousand). The remainder of the gain and related mortgage were recognized during the 2001 fiscal year upon receipt of the first annual mortgage payment which, combined with the initial payment in fiscal 2000, exceeded 20% of the contract price.

During November 2001, Agri began to close on a 2,500 acre, \$30.0 million sale, of which 40 acres were transferred in November 2001 and 1,744 acres were transferred by the end of December 2001. However, upon mutual consent, 323 acres, representing \$9.6 million were released from the contract and retained by Agri for sale at a future date. The remaining 393 acres are expected to be transferred by the end of fiscal 2003. The profits from portions of this transaction that have closed are included in the statement of operations under gain on sales of real estate.

Also in December 2001, the Company agreed to donate \$5.0 million to Florida Gulf Coast University for a new athletic complex, scholarships and athletic programs. The agreement called for \$1.0 million to be donated in the current fiscal year, and \$800 thousand to be donated each year over the next five years. The entire donation has been accrued and is included in general and administrative expenses in the statement of operations.

During January 2002, the Company acquired 40 acres of Lee County, Florida property for \$9.5 million. The property is located near one of the interstate highway access ramps to Florida Gulf Coast University and the Southwest Florida International Airport.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of the Company's financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, management evaluates the

estimates and assumptions based upon historical experience and various other factors and circumstances. Management believes that the estimates and assumptions are reasonable in the circumstances; however, actual results may vary from these estimates and assumptions under different future circumstances. The following critical accounting policies have been identified that affect the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The Company records inventory at the lower of cost or market. Management regularly assesses estimated inventory valuations based on current and forecasted usage of the related commodity and any other relevant factors that affect the net realizable

value.

Based on fruit buyers' and processors' advances to growers, stated cash and futures markets combined experience in the industry, management reviews the reasonableness of the citrus revenue accrual. Adjustments are made throughout the year to these estimates as relevant information regarding the citrus market becomes available. Fluctuation in the market prices for citrus fruit has caused the Company to recognize additional revenue from prior years' crop totaling \$568 thousand, \$617 thousand, and \$1.8 million, during fiscal 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

In accordance with Statement of Position 85-3 "Accounting by Agricultural Producers and Agricultural Cooperatives", the cost of growing crops (citrus and sugarcane) are capitalized into inventory until the time of harvest. Once a given crop is harvested, the related inventoried costs are recognized as a cost of sale to provide an appropriate matching of costs incurred with the related revenue earned.

Alico formed a wholly owned insurance subsidiary, Agri Insurance Company, Ltd. (Bermuda) ("Agri") in June of 2000. Agri was formed in response to the lack of insurance availability, both in the traditional commercial insurance markets and governmental sponsored insurance programs, suitable to provide coverages for the increasing number and potential severity of agricultural related events. Such events include citrus canker, crop diseases, livestock related maladies and weather. Alico's goal included not only prefunding its potential exposures related to the aforementioned events, but also to attempt to attract new underwriting capital if it is successful in profitably underwriting its own potential risks as well as similar risks of its historic business partners.

Alico primarily utilized its inventory of land and additional contributed capital to bolster the underwriting capacity of Agri. As Agri has converted certain of the assets contributed by Alico to cash, book and tax differences have arisen resulting from differing viewpoints related to the tax treatment of insurance companies for other federal and state tax purposes. Due to the historic nature of the primary assets contributed as capital to Agri and the timing of the sales of certain of those assets by Agri, management has decided to record a contingent liability, providing for potential differences in the tax treatment of sales of Agri's assets in its initial year of operation. Management's decision has been influenced by perceived changes in the regulatory environment.

Item 7(a). Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About
Market Risk

Alico's exposure to market rate risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to its investment portfolio. There are no derivative financial instruments in the investment portfolio. Investments are placed with high quality issuers and, by policy, limit the amount of credit exposure to any one issuer. Alico is adverse to principal loss and ensures the safety and preservation of invested funds by limiting default, market and reinvestment risk. The Company classifies cash equivalents and short-term investments as fixed-rate if the rate of return on such instruments remains fixed over their term. These fixed-rate investments include fixed-rate U.S. government securities, municipal bonds, time deposits and certificates of deposit. Cash equivalents and short-term investments are classified as variable-rate if the rate of return on such investments varies based on the change in a pre-determined index or set of indices during their term. These variable-rate investments primarily include money market accounts, mutual funds and equities held at various securities brokers and investment banks. The table below presents the amounts (in thousands) and related weighted interest/dividend yield rates of the investment portfolio at August 31, 2002:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Marketable Securities and Short-term Investments (1)	Average Interest Rate/Dividend Yield	Cost	Estimated Fair Value
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Fixed Rate	3.35%	\$ 7,141	\$ 6,404
Variable Rate	2.29%	\$ 14,802	\$ 15,013

<FN>

(1) See definition in Notes 1 and 2 to our Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

</TABLE>

The aggregate fair value of investments in debt instruments (net of mutual funds of \$4,768) as of August 31, 2002, by contractual maturity date, consisted of the following:

	Aggregate Fair Values
	(in thousands)
Due in one year or less	\$ 118
Due between one and five years	234
Due between five and ten years	433
Due thereafter	851
	<hr/>
	\$ 1,636
	<hr/> <hr/>

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Independent Auditors' Report

The Stockholders and Board of Directors
Alico, Inc.:

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of Alico, Inc. and subsidiaries as of August 31, 2002 and 2001, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended August 31, 2002. In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, we also have audited the related consolidated financial statement schedules as listed in Item 14(a)(2) herein. These consolidated financial statements and financial statements schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and schedules based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Alico, Inc. and subsidiaries at August 31, 2002 and 2001, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended August 31, 2002 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the related consolidated financial statement schedules, when considered in relation to the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, present fairly, in all

material respects, the information set forth therein.

KPMG LLP
(Signature)

Orlando, Florida
October 12, 2002

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	August 31,	
	2002	2001
<S>		
ASSETS		
	<C>	<C>
Current assets:		
Cash, including time deposits and other cash investments of \$10,028,199 in 2002 and \$478,260 in 2001	\$ 10,139,659	\$ 6,225,088
Marketable securities available for sale, at estimated fair value in 2002 and in 2001 (Note 2)	21,417,046	18,726,723
Accounts receivable (\$6,456,783 in 2002 and \$6,901,275 in 2001 due from affiliate) (Note 12)	9,460,834	10,153,205
Mortgages and notes receivable, current portion (Note 3)	2,451,340	2,482,454
Inventories (Note 4)	21,671,964	23,246,609
Income tax refund receivable	271,036	-
Other current assets	855,447	510,760
Total current assets	66,267,326	61,344,839
Other assets:		
Land inventories	16,786,717	8,031,544
Mortgages and notes receivable, net of current portion (Note 3)	2,693,186	5,112,309
Investments	908,049	1,170,898
Total other assets	20,387,952	14,314,751
Property, buildings and equipment (Note 5)	142,354,775	138,352,300
Less accumulated depreciation	(37,100,353)	(34,878,310)
Net property, buildings and equipment	105,254,422	103,473,990
Total assets	\$191,909,700	\$179,133,580

<FN>
See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
</TABLE>

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	August 31,	
	2002	2001
<S>	<C>	<C>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,437,756	\$ 1,810,094
Due to profit sharing plan (Note 10)	284,649	443,942
Accrued ad valorem taxes	1,523,980	1,383,111
Current portion of notes payable (Note 6)	3,318,524	1,301,146
Accrued expenses	1,168,652	1,494,940
Income taxes payable	-	22,670
Deferred income taxes (Note 11)	1,038,727	1,234,697
Donation payable	770,721	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current liabilities	9,543,009	7,690,600
Deferred revenue	113,532	52,987
Notes payable (Note 6)	52,657,508	46,704,954
Deferred income taxes (Note 11)	9,727,889	11,909,252
Deferred retirement benefits (Note 10)	119,247	150,429
Other non-current liability (Note 8)	3,640,593	-
Donation payable	2,890,423	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities	78,692,201	66,508,222
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, no par value. Authorized 1,000,000 shares; issued, none	-	-
Common stock, \$1 par value. Authorized 15,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 7,080,344 in 2002 and 7,044,513 in 2001	7,080,344	7,044,513
Additional paid in capital	1,715,616	331,617
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(432,577)	871,077
Retained earnings	104,854,116	104,378,151
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total stockholders' equity	113,217,499	112,625,358
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$191,909,700	\$179,133,580
	<hr/>	<hr/>

<FN>
See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
</TABLE>

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Years Ended August 31,
2002 2001 2000

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Revenue:			
Citrus (including revenues from affiliate (Note 12))	\$25,105,126	\$27,569,705	\$28,172,057
Sugarcane	11,300,199	11,939,228	8,501,549
Ranch	9,591,237	9,299,477	6,062,224
Forest products	354,699	90,861	84,104
Rock and sand royalties	1,998,863	1,725,997	1,319,525
Oil lease and land rentals	721,239	770,170	923,535
Retail land sales	114,000	137,950	144,250
	49,185,363	51,533,388	45,207,244
Costs of sales:			
Citrus production, harvesting and marketing (including charges from affiliate (Note 12))	21,420,816	22,450,086	21,431,441
Sugarcane production, harvesting and hauling	9,189,734	9,317,739	6,962,366
Ranch	8,781,819	7,704,467	5,323,002
Retail land sales	114,398	140,102	126,012
	39,506,767	39,612,394	33,842,821
	9,678,596	11,920,994	11,364,423
General and administrative expenses	10,806,157	5,471,128	4,415,614
Income (loss) from operations	(1,127,561)	6,449,866	6,948,809
Other income (expenses):			
Profit on sales of real estate:			
Sales	12,658,954	12,840,652	27,575,329
Cost of sales	1,017,635	1,486,282	4,754,645
	11,641,319	11,354,370	22,820,684
Gross profit not yet recognized	-	-	9,540,000
	11,641,319	11,354,370	13,280,684
Interest and investment income	1,471,056	2,123,595	3,093,203
Recovery of citrus eradication costs in excess of basis (Note 14)	-	2,967,950	234,920
Interest expense (Note 6)	(2,420,893)	(3,028,631)	(3,019,819)
Other	229,276	245,165	37,177
	10,920,758	13,662,449	13,626,165
Income before income taxes	9,793,197	20,112,315	20,574,974
Provision for income taxes (Note 11)	2,258,192	4,046,184	6,464,358
	\$ 7,535,005	\$16,066,131	\$14,110,616

Weighted-average number of shares outstanding	7,070,024	7,032,929	7,027,827
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding assuming dilution	7,198,191	7,057,395	7,031,861
Per share amounts:			
Basic	\$ 1.07	\$ 2.29	\$ 2.01
Diluted	\$ 1.05	\$ 2.28	\$ 2.01
Dividends	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$.30

<FN>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Common Stock		Accumulated Other Comprehensive		Additional	Total
	Shares Issued	Amount	Retained Earnings	Income	Paid in Capital	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Balances, August 31, 1999	7,027,827	\$7,027,827	\$83,337,579	\$1,029,953	\$ -	\$91,395,359
Comprehensive income:						
Net income for the year ended						
August 31, 2000 -	-	-	14,110,616	-	-	14,110,616
Unrealized gains on securities, net of taxes and reclass- ification adjustment	-	-	-	129,492	-	129,492
Total comprehensive income:					14,240,108	
Dividends paid	-	-	(2,108,348)	-	-	(2,108,348)
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	-	17,885	17,885
Balances, August 31, 2000	7,027,827	\$7,027,827	\$95,339,847	\$1,159,445	\$17,885	\$103,545,004

Comprehensive income:						
Net income for the year ended						
August 31, 2001 -	-	-	16,066,131	-	-	16,066,131
Unrealized gains on securities, net of taxes and reclass- ification adjustment	-	-	-	(288,368)	-	(288,368)
Total comprehensive income:				15,777,763		
Dividends paid	-	-	(7,027,827)	-	-	(7,027,827)
Stock options exercised	16,686	16,686	-	-	227,264	243,950

Stock based compensation	-	-	-	-	86,468	86,468
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Balances, August 31, 2001	7,044,513	\$7,044,513	\$104,378,151	\$871,077	\$331,617	\$112,625,358
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Comprehensive income:						
Net income for the year ended August 31, 2002	-	-	7,535,005	-	-	7,535,005
Unrealized losses on securities, net of taxes and reclassification adjustment	-	-	-	(1,303,654)	-	(1,303,654)
Total comprehensive income:					6,231,351	
Dividends paid	-	-	(7,059,040)	-	-	(7,059,040)
Stock options exercised	35,831	35,831	-	-	493,197	529,028
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	-	890,802	890,802
Balances, August 31, 2002	7,080,344	\$7,080,344	\$104,854,116	\$ (432,577)	\$1,715,616	\$113,217,499

Disclosure of reclassification amount:	2002	2001	2000
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period	\$ (1,774,892)	\$ (206,715)	\$2,176,940
Less: reclassification adjustment for gains (losses) included in net income	(471,238)	81,653	2,047,448
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities	\$ (1,303,654)	\$ (288,368)	\$ 129,492

<FN>
See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
</TABLE>

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
Years Ended August 31,
2002 2001 2000

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Investments:			
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 7,535,005	\$16,066,131	\$14,110,616
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	6,982,221	6,946,005	5,118,854
(Gain) loss on breeding herd sales	(84,279)	(76,993)	99,766
Deferred income tax expense, net	1,263,260	1,178,810	(613,097)
Deferred retirement benefits	(31,182)	(102,380)	(124,678)
Net (gain) loss on sale of marketable securities	380,579	(159,830)	(1,868,010)
(Gain) Loss on sale of property and equipment	(149,970)	1,641,938	1,232,535
Gain on real estate sales	(11,758,419)	(11,585,627)	(13,967,688)

Stock options granted below fair market value	890,802	86,468	17,885
Cash provided by (used for) changes in:			
Accounts receivable	692,371	1,846,507	(3,930,668)
Inventories	1,059,247	(1,701,762)	(2,214,387)
Other assets	57,255	(600,335)	(201,767)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,944,094	(112,219)	161,824
Income taxes payable	(293,706)	(4,146,847)	4,719,103
Deferred revenues	47,845	52,987	-
Net cash provided by operating activities	9,535,123	9,332,853	2,540,288
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Increase in land inventories	(9,785,254)	(924,851)	(713,832)
Purchases of property and equipment	(9,269,856)	(8,502,483)	(9,995,159)
Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment	1,256,850	959,324	522,091
Proceeds from sale of real estate	12,788,500	2,880,279	17,089,222
Purchases of investments	(126,393)	(211,646)	(69,937)
Proceeds from the sale of other assets	-	-	56,829
Purchases of marketable securities	(8,047,072)	(3,013,303)	(2,902,598)
Proceeds from sales of marketable securities	3,672,516	2,039,159	1,967,397
Issuances of mortgages and notes receivable	(79,256)	(381,425)	(85,080)
Collection of mortgages and notes receivable	2,529,493	2,630,275	105,926
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	(7,060,472)	(4,524,671)	5,974,859
	Years Ended August	31,	
	2002	2001	2000
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from exercising stock options	529,028	243,950	-
Proceeds from bank loans	43,597,058	43,193,828	33,086,000
Repayment of bank loans	(35,627,126)	(36,789,473)	(38,437,200)
Dividends paid	(7,059,040)	(7,027,827)	(2,108,348)
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	1,439,920	(379,522)	(7,459,548)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash investments	3,914,571	4,428,660	1,055,599
Cash and cash investments:			
At beginning of year	6,225,088	1,796,428	740,829
At end of year	\$10,139,659	\$ 6,225,088	\$ 1,796,428
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for interest, net of amount capitalized	\$ 2,123,822	\$ 3,101,692	\$ 2,863,215
Cash paid for income taxes,	\$ 942,811	\$ 3,115,896	\$ 2,472,505

including related interest (Note 11)	_____	_____	_____
Noncash investing activities:			
Fair value adjustments to securities available for sale	\$ (1,925,167)	\$ (462,350)	\$ 208,175
	_____	_____	_____
Income tax effect related to fair value adjustments	\$ (621,513)	\$ (173,982)	\$ 78,336
	_____	_____	_____
Reclassification of breeding herd to Property & Equipment	\$ 515,398	\$ 370,192	\$ 989,896
	_____	_____	_____

<FN>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

</TABLE>

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Years Ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Consolidated Financial Statement Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Alico, Inc. (the Company) and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Saddlebag Lake Resorts, Inc. (Saddlebag), and Agri Insurance Company, Ltd. (Agri), after elimination of all significant intercompany balances and transactions.

(b) Revenue Recognition

Income from sales of citrus under marketing pool agreements is recognized at the time the crop is harvested. Based on fruit buyers' and processors' advances to growers, stated cash and futures markets, management reviews the reasonableness of the citrus revenue accrual. Adjustments are made throughout the year to these estimates as relevant information regarding the citrus market becomes available. Fluctuation in the market prices for citrus fruit has caused the Company to recognize additional revenue from the prior year's crop totaling \$568 thousand, \$617 thousand, and \$1.8 million during fiscal years 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Revenue from sugarcane is recognized when the harvested product is taken for processing. The earnings

process is complete at that time and the resulting revenue is determinable for the sugarcane crop as of year-end, therefore, no estimations are necessary.

The Company recognizes revenue from cattle sales at the time the cattle are sold at auction.

(c) Real Estate

Real estate sales are recorded under the accrual method of accounting. Residential retail land sales made through Saddlebag are not recognized until the

buyer's initial investment or cumulative payments of principal and interest equal or exceed 10 percent of the contract sales price. Commercial or bulk land sales, made mostly through Agri, are not recognized until payments received for property to be developed within two years after the sale equal 20%, or property to be developed after two years equal 25%, of the contract sales price. At August 31, 2000, the Company did not recognize gross profit totaling \$9.5 million related to commercial real estate which was sold subject to a mortgage note receivable (note 3). The terms of the sale called for 10% of the contract price of \$10.6 million to be paid at closing. The \$1.1 million less the land basis and closing costs was recognized as a gain on the sale of real estate totaling \$288 thousand during August 31, 2000.

During the year ended August 31, 2001, the purchaser made the first of four equal annual installments, required in the mortgage, totaling \$2.4 million, plus interest. The deferred profit on the sale was then recognized as 32.5 percent of the contract price was received and the buyer's continuing investment became adequate to demonstrate its commitment to pay for the property.

Profits from commercial real estate sales are discounted to reflect the market rate of interest where the stated rate is less than the market rate. The recorded valuation discounts are realized as the balances due are collected. In the event of early liquidation, interest is recognized on the simple interest method.

Tangible assets that are purchased during the period to aid in the sale of the project as well as costs for services performed to obtain regulatory approval of the sales are capitalized as land and land improvements to the extent they are estimated to be recoverable from the sale of the property. Land and land improvement costs are allocated to individual parcels on a per lot basis using the relative sales value method.

The Company has entered into an agreement with a real estate consultant to assist in obtaining the

necessary regulatory approvals for the development and marketing of a tract of raw land. The marketing costs under this agreement are being expensed as incurred. The costs incurred to obtain the necessary regulatory approvals are capitalized into land costs when paid. These costs will be expensed as cost of sales when the underlying real estate is sold.

(d) Marketable Securities Available for Sale

Marketable securities available for sale are carried at their estimated fair value. Net unrealized investment gains and losses are recorded net of related deferred taxes in accumulated other comprehensive income within stockholders' equity until realized.

Fair value for debt and equity investments is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date for those or similar investments. The cost of all marketable securities available for sale are determined on the specific identification method.

(e) Inventories

The costs of growing citrus and sugarcane are capitalized into inventory until the time of harvest. Once a given crop is harvested, the related inventoried costs are recognized as a cost of sale to provide an appropriate matching of costs incurred with the related revenue earned.

Beef cattle inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost of the beef cattle inventory is based on the accumulated cost of developing such animals for sale. Unharvested crops are stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost for unharvested crops is based on accumulated production costs incurred during the eight month period from January 1 through August 31.

(f) Property, Buildings and Equipment

Property, buildings and equipment are stated at cost. Properties acquired from the Company's predecessor

corporation in exchange for common stock issued in 1960, at the inception of the Company, are stated on the basis of cost to the predecessor corporation. Property acquired as part of a land exchange trust is valued at the carrying value of the property transferred to the trust.

All costs related to the development of citrus groves, through planting, are capitalized. Such costs include land clearing, excavation and construction of ditches, dikes, roads, and reservoirs, etc. After the planting, caretaking costs or preproductive maintenance costs are capitalized for four years. After four years, a grove is considered to have reached maturity and the accumulated costs, except for land excavation become the depreciable basis of a grove and are written off over 25 years.

Development costs for sugarcane are capitalized the same as citrus. However, sugarcane matures in one year and the Company is able to harvest an average of 3 crops (1 per year) from one planting. As a result, cultivation/caretaking costs are expensed as the crop is harvested, while the appropriate development and planting costs are depreciated over 3 years.

The breeding herd consists of purchased animals and animals raised on the ranch. Purchased animals are stated at cost. The cost of animals raised on the ranch is based on the accumulated cost of developing such animals for productive use.

Depreciation for financial reporting purposes is

computed on straight-line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable assets.

The Company accounts for long-lived assets in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of". This Statement requires the long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangibles be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of

an asset to future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell.

(g) Land Inventories

Land inventories are carried at cost and consists of property located in Lee County, Florida and owned by Agri-Insurance Co., Ltd. The property is held for sale as commercial real estate.

(h) Other Investments

Other investments are carried at cost which primarily includes stock owned in cooperatives. The Company uses cooperatives to process and sell sugarcane and cattle. Cooperatives typically require members to acquire ownership as a term of use of its services.

(i) Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

(j) Net Earnings Per Share

Outstanding stock options issued by the Company represent the only dilutive effect reflected in the

computation of diluted weighted average shares outstanding assuming dilution. Options do not impact the numerator of the earnings per share computation.

There were no stock options that could potentially dilute basic earnings per share in the future that were not included in the computation of earnings per share assuming dilution.

(k) Cash Flows

For purposes of the cash flows, cash and cash investments include cash on hand and amounts due from financial institutions with an original maturity of less than three months.

(l) Use of Estimates

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates. Although some variability is inherent in these estimates, management believes that the amounts provided are adequate.

(m) Financial Instruments and Accruals

The carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheets for accounts receivable, mortgage and notes receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate fair value, because of the immediate or short term maturity of these items. The carrying amounts reported for the Company's long-term debts approximate fair value.

(n) Derivative and Hedging Instruments

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", which establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts (collectively referred to as derivatives), and for hedging activities. SFAS No. 133 was amended by SFAS No. 138 in June 2000, in part, to allow "normal purchases and normal sales" transactions to be excluded from SFAS 133. At September 1, 2000, the Company had no open derivatives. Accordingly, the Company's adoption of the provisions of SFAS No. 133, as amended, on September 1, 2000, did not result in a transition adjustment.

The Company engages in cattle futures trading activities for the purpose of economically hedging against price fluctuations. The Company records gains and losses related to economic hedges in costs of goods sold. At August 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company had no open positions.

(o) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income is defined as the change in equity of a business enterprise during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. It includes both net income and other comprehensive income. Items included in other comprehensive income are classified based on their nature. The total of other comprehensive income for a period has been transferred to an equity account and displayed as "accumulated other comprehensive income".

(p) Stock-Based Compensation

The Company applies Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" (APB 25) for stock options and other stock-based awards while disclosing pro forma net income and net income per share as if the fair value method had been applied in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-based Compensation" (SFAS 123).

(q) Reportable Segments

The Company has three reportable segments: citrus, sugarcane, and ranch. The citrus segment produces fruit for both the fresh fruit and processed juice markets. The sugarcane segment produces sugarcane for processing. The ranch segment raises beef cattle to be sold in the wholesale market.

The Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products. They are managed separately because each business requires different operating strategies.

(r) Reclassifications

Certain amounts from 2001 have been reclassified to conform to the 2002 presentation.

(2) Marketable Securities Available for Sale

The Company has classified 100% of its investments in marketable securities as available for sale and, as such, the securities are carried at estimated fair value. Any unrealized gains and losses, net of related deferred taxes, are recorded as a net amount in a separate component of stockholders' equity until realized.

The cost and estimated fair values of marketable securities available for sale at August 31, 2002 and 2001 (in thousands) were as follows:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

2002

2001

Gross Estimated

Gross Estimated

Equity securities:	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Preferred stocks	\$ 3,160	\$ 65	(\$ 79)	\$ 3,146	\$ 3,565	\$ 27	\$ -	\$ 3,592
Common stocks	1,734	135	(242)	1,627	2,152	261	-	2,413
Mutual funds	9,908	479	(147)	10,240	8,515	1,076	-	9,591
Total equity securities	14,802	679	(468)	15,013	14,232	1,364	-	15,596
Debt securities:								
Mutual bonds	559	36	-	595	750	37	-	787
Mutual funds	5,418	232	(882)	4,768	1,986	45	-	2,031
Fixed maturity funds	282	15	(1)	296	-	-	-	-
Corporate bonds	882	14	(151)	745	362	-	(49)	313
Total debt securities	7,141	297	(1,034)	6,404	3,098	82	(49)	3,131
Marketable securities available for sale	21,943	976	(1,502)	21,417	17,330	1,446	(49)	18,727

</TABLE>

At August 31, 2002, debt instruments (net of mutual funds of \$4,768) are collectible as follows: \$118 within one year, \$234 between one and five years, \$433 between five and ten years, and \$851 there after.

(3) Mortgage and Notes Receivable

Mortgage and notes receivable arose from real estate sales. The balances (in thousands) are as follows:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	August 31, 2002	August 31, 2001
<S>	<C>	<C>
Mortgage notes receivable on retail land sales	\$ 193	\$ 242
Mortgage notes receivable on bulk land sales	4,926	7,262
Other notes receivable	25	90
	-----	-----
Total mortgage and notes receivable	\$ 5,144	\$ 7,594
Less current portion	2,451	2,482
	-----	-----
Non-current portion	\$ 2,693	\$ 5,112
	-----	-----

</TABLE>

In July 2000, the Company received a mortgage note in exchange for land sold. The note totaled \$9.5 million and principal payments of \$2.4 million are due annually on July 14, bearing interest at LIBOR, over four years.

(4) Inventories

A summary of the Company's inventories (in thousands) at August 31, 2002 and 2001 is shown below:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2002	2001
<S>	<C>	<C>
Unharvested fruit crop on trees	\$ 8,599	\$ 9,626
Unharvested sugarcane	5,274	5,387
Beef cattle	7,507	8,076
Sod	292	158
	-----	-----
Total inventories	\$21,672	\$23,247
	-----	-----

</TABLE>

(5) Property, Buildings and Equipment

A summary of the Company's property, buildings and equipment (in thousands) at August 31, 2002 and 2001 is shown below:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Estimated	2002	2001	
Useful Lives			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Breeding herd	\$12,618	\$12,465	5-7 years
Buildings	3,945	3,806	5-40 years
Citrus trees	28,555	25,328	22-40 years
Sugarcane	8,360	8,378	4-15 years
Equipment and other facilities	29,996	29,993	3-40 years
	-----	-----	
Total depreciable properties	83,474	79,970	
Less accumulated depreciation	37,100	34,878	
	-----	-----	
Net depreciable properties	46,374	45,092	
Land & land improvements	58,880	58,382	

Net property, buildings and equipment	\$105,254	\$103,474
--	-----------	-----------

</TABLE>

The Company's citrus trees, fruit crop, unharvested sugarcane and cattle are partially uninsured.

(6) Indebtedness

The Company has financial agreements with commercial banks that permit the Company to borrow up to \$54 million. The financing agreements allow the Company to borrow up to \$41 million which is due in 2004 and up to \$3 million which is due on demand. In December 2001, the Company entered into an additional financing agreement to borrow

\$10 million to be paid in equal principal installments over five years with interest to be paid quarterly. The outstanding debt under these agreements was \$41.0 million and \$31.8 million at August 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. In March 1999, the Company mortgaged 7,680 acres for \$19 million in connection with a \$22.5 million acquisition of producing citrus and sugarcane operations. The total amount of long-term debt at August 31, 2002 and 2001 was \$52.7 million and \$46.7 million, respectively.

Maturities of the indebtedness of the Company over the next five years (in thousands) are as follows: 2003- \$3,319; 2004- \$34,321; 2005- \$3,319; 2006- \$3,312; 2007- \$3,315 and \$8,390 thereafter.

Interest cost expensed and capitalized (in thousands) during the three years ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 was as follows:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2002	2001	2000
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Interest expense	\$2,421	\$3,029	\$3,020
Interest capitalized	322	175	431
Total interest cost	\$2,743	\$3,204	\$3,451

</TABLE>

(7) Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is involved in various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operation or liquidity.

(8) Other non-current liability

Alico formed a wholly owned insurance subsidiary, Agri Insurance Company, Ltd. (Bermuda) ("Agri") in June of 2000. Agri was formed in response to the lack of insurance availability, both in the traditional commercial insurance markets and governmental sponsored insurance programs, suitable to provide coverages for the increasing number and potential severity of agricultural related events. Such events include citrus canker, crop diseases, livestock related maladies and weather. Alico's goal included not only prefunding its potential exposures related to the aforementioned events, but also to attempt to attract new underwriting capital if it is successful in profitably underwriting its own potential risks as well as similar risks of its historic business partners. Alico primarily utilized its inventory of land and additional contributed capital to bolster the underwriting capacity of Agri. As Agri has converted certain of the assets contributed by Alico to cash, book and tax differences have arisen resulting from differing viewpoints related to the tax treatment of insurance companies for federal and state tax purposes. Due to the historic nature of the primary assets contributed as capital to Agri and the timing of the sales of certain of those assets by Agri, management has decided to record a contingent liability, providing for potential differences in the tax treatment of sales of Agri's assets in its initial year of operation. Management's decision has been influenced by perceived changes in the regulatory environment.

(9) Stock Option Plan

On November 3, 1998, the Company adopted the Alico, Inc., Incentive Equity Plan ("The Plan") pursuant to which the Board of Directors of the Company may grant options, stock appreciation rights, and/or restricted stock to certain directors and employees. The Plan authorizes grants of shares or options to purchase up to 650,000 shares of authorized but unissued common stock. Stock options have vesting schedules which are at the discretion of the Board of Directors and determined on the effective date of the grant.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Shares	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual Life (in years)
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Balance outstanding, August 31, 2000	49,692	\$14.62	8
Granted	51,074	\$14.62	
Exercised	16,686	\$14.62	
Balance outstanding, August 31, 2001	84,080	14.62	9
Granted	69,598	15.68	
Exercised	35,831	14.76	
Balance outstanding, August 31, 2002	117,847	\$15.20	8

</TABLE>

On August 31, 2002 and 2001, there were 479,636 and 549,234 shares available for grant, respectively.

The fair value of stock options granted was \$819 thousand in 2002 and \$79 thousand in 2001 on the date of the grant using the Black Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2002	2001
<S>	<C>	<C>
Volatility	8.39%	10.19%
Dividend paid	6.38%	6.84%
Risk-free interest rate	4.75%	5.75%
Expected life in years	1	1

</TABLE>

All stock options granted, except as noted in the paragraph below, have been granted to directors or employees with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the common stock at the date of the grant. The Company applies APB Opinion No. 25 for issuances to directors and employees in accounting for its Plan. No compensation cost was recognized in the consolidated financial statements through August 31, 2000, as options were issued at or above fair value.

On September 9, 1999, the Company granted 14,992 stock options with an exercise price of \$14.62 and a fair value of \$15.813. The Company recorded \$18 thousand of unearned compensation at the date of the grant. On September 12, 2000, the Company granted an additional 51,074 stock options with an exercise price of \$14.62 and a fair value of \$16.313. The Company recorded \$86 thousand of unearned compensation at the date of the grant.

On September 11, 2001, the Company granted an additional 69,598 stock options with an exercise price of \$15.68 and a fair value of \$28.48. The Company recorded \$891 thousand of unearned compensation at the date of the grant.

Had the Company determined compensation cost based on the fair value at the grant date for its stock options under SFAS No. 123, the Company's net income would have changed to the pro forma amounts indicated below:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2002	2001
<S>	<C>	<C>
Net income as reported	\$ 7,535,005	\$16,066,131
Pro forma net income	\$ 7,606,899	\$16,073,741
Basic earnings per share, as reported	\$ 1.07	\$ 2.29
Pro forma basic earnings per share	\$ 1.08	\$ 2.29

</TABLE>

(10) Employee Benefit Plans

The Company has a profit sharing plan covering substantially all employees. The plan was established under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). Contributions made to the profit sharing plan (in thousands) were \$285, \$444 and \$430 for the years ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Additionally, the Company implemented a nonqualified defined benefit retirement plan covering the officers and other key management personnel of the Company. The plan is being funded by the purchase of insurance contracts. The accrued pension liability for the nonqualified defined benefit retirement plan at August 31, 2002 and 2001 was \$119,247 and \$150,429, respectively.

Pension expenses (in thousands) for the additional retirement benefits were \$488, \$395 and \$128 for the years ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

(11) Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes (in thousands) for the years ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 is summarized as follows:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2002	2001	2000
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Current:			
Federal income tax	\$3,713	\$2,428	\$6,218
State income tax	396	439	860
	<u>4,109</u>	<u>2,867</u>	<u>7,078</u>
Deferred:			
Federal income tax	(1,673)	1,058	(528)
State income tax	(178)	121	(86)
	<u>(1,851)</u>	<u>1,179</u>	<u>(614)</u>
Total provision for income taxes	<u>\$2,258</u>	<u>\$4,046</u>	<u>\$6,464</u>

</TABLE>

Following is a reconciliation of the expected income tax expense computed at the U.S. Federal statutory rate of 34% and the actual income tax provision (in thousands) for the years ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2002	2001	2000
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Expected income tax	\$3,330	\$6,838	\$6,995
Increase (decrease) resulting from:			
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	144	328	516
Nontaxable interest and dividends	(102)	(113)	(127)
Internal Revenue Service examinations	11	479	(352)
Utilization of charitable contribution			

carryforward	-	-	(136)
Income from Agri- Insurance Company, Ltd.	(1,156)	(3,829)	-
Other reconciling items, net	31	343	(432)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total provision for income taxes	\$2,258	\$4,046	\$6,464
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

</TABLE>

Some items of revenue and expense included in the statement of operations may not be currently taxable or deductible on the income tax returns. Therefore, income tax assets and liabilities are divided into a current portion, which is the amount attributable to the current year's tax return, and a deferred portion, which is the amount attributable to another year's tax return. The revenue and expense items not currently taxable or deductible are called temporary differences.

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are presented below (in thousands):

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2002	2001
<S>	<C>	<C>
Deferred Tax Assets:		
Contribution carry forward	(1,698)	-
Pension	(168)	(168)
Prepaid sales commissions	(789)	(776)
Inventory-beef	-	(376)
Land inventories	(480)	(435)
Deferred retirement benefits	(502)	(303)
Other	(1,380)	(943)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Total gross deferred

tax assets	(5,017)	(3,001)
Deferred Tax Liabilities:		
Revenue recognized from citrus and sugarcane	458	861
Property and equipment (principally due to depreciation and soil and water deductions)	12,645	12,390
Mortgage notes receivable	10	117
Inventories	886	468
Deferred real estate gains	1,600	1,600
Unrealized gains on securities	-	526
Other	185	183
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total gross deferred tax liabilities	15,784	16,145
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net deferred income tax liabilities	\$10,767	\$13,144
	<hr/>	<hr/>

</TABLE>

Based on the Company's history of taxable earnings and its expectations for the future, management has determined that its taxable income will more likely than not be sufficient to fully recognize all deferred tax assets.

Agri Insurance Company, Ltd. (Agri), a wholly owned insurance company subsidiary of Alico, is treated as a U.S. taxpayer, pursuant to an election under Internal Revenue Code Section 953(d), for all purposes except for consolidating an operating loss by virtue of the dual consolidated loss rules. (Dual consolidated losses prevent operating losses (not capital losses) from occurring in insurance companies domiciled outside of the United States from offsetting operating income irrespective of the fact that the insurance company is a member of the consolidated return group.)

Agri was established to provide agricultural insurance that falls outside of the Federal Crop Insurance Program, for catastrophic perils. Agri was domiciled in Bermuda because it offers easy access to reinsurance markets.

Agri issued its initial policy in August 2000 to a third party. Agri's ability to underwrite insurance risks has been limited to its operational liquidity, by the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda. Agri will be able to underwrite additional insurance as its liquidity is increased from additional asset sales and as payments are received on prior sales. For Federal income tax purposes, only premiums received by Agri from policies of insurance issued to parties other than its parent, Alico Inc., are considered insurance premiums. The preceding limiting factors resulted in Agri not incurring a tax liability on underwriting profits or investment income. Agri's tax status resulted in it filing its Federal tax return on a stand alone basis for the calendar year periods ending December 31, 2001 and 2000.

(12) Related Party Transactions

Citrus

Citrus revenues of \$19.1 million, \$19.9 million and \$20.0

million were recognized for a portion of citrus crops sold under a marketing agreement with Ben Hill Griffin, Inc. (Griffin) for the years ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively. Griffin and its subsidiaries is the owner of approximately 49.85 percent of the Company's common stock. Accounts receivable, resulting from citrus sales, include amounts due from Griffin totaling \$6.5 million and \$6.9 million at August 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. These amounts represent estimated revenues to be received periodically under pooling agreements as the sale of pooled products is completed.

Harvesting, marketing, and processing costs, related to the citrus sales noted above, totaled \$7.1 million, \$7.6 million, and \$7.5 million for the years ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively. In addition, Griffin provided the harvesting services for citrus sold to unrelated processors. The aggregate cost of these services was \$2.0 million, \$2.2 million and \$2.0 million for the years ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively. The accompanying consolidated balance sheets include accounts payable to Griffin for citrus production, harvesting and processing costs in the amount of \$594 thousand and \$414 thousand at August 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Other Transactions

The Company purchased fertilizer and other miscellaneous supplies, services, and operating equipment from Griffin, on a competitive bid basis, for use in its cattle, sugarcane, sod and citrus operations. Such purchases totaled \$6.2 million, \$6.0 million and \$5.5 million during the years ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

(13) Future Application of Accounting Standards

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) issued Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, "Business Combinations". This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for business combinations and supersedes Accounting Principal Board (APB) Opinion No. 16, "Business Combinations", and FASB Statement No. 38, "Accounting for Preacquisition Contingencies of Purchased Enterprises". All business combinations in the scope of this Statement are to be accounted for using one method, the purchase method. The provisions of this Statement apply to all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. The Statement also applies to all business combinations accounted for using the purchase method which the date of acquisition is July 1, 2001, or later. Adoption of this Statement is not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets". This Statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets and supersedes APB Opinion No. 17, "Intangible Assets". It addresses how intangible assets that are acquired individually or with a group of other assets (but not those acquired in a business combination) should be accounted for in financial statements upon their acquisition. This Statement also addresses how goodwill and other intangible assets should be accounted for after they have been initially recognized in the financial statements. Adoption of this Statement is not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143 "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. It applies to legal obligations associated with the retirement of long-lived assets that result from the acquisition, construction, development and (or) the normal operation of a long-lived asset, except for certain obligations of lessees. This Statement is effective for financial statements with fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. Adoption of this Statement is not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." This Statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. This Statement supercedes both FASB Statement No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of" and the accounting and reporting provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations—Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions of a Segment of a Business." This Statement is effective for financial statements with fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. Adoption of this Statement is not expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

(14) Recovery of Citrus Canker Eradication Costs
in Excess of Basis

The Company incurred losses during the years ended August 31, 2001 and 2000, related to citrus canker eradication. The eradication program called for the removal of 507 acres of citrus trees from a grove in Hendry County, Florida. While the trees were insured under the Federal Crop Insurance Program, additional relief funding was available and secured by the Company from both Federal and State government sources. A summary of the recovery sources, related basis of the trees removed and the crop inventory losses are summarized (in thousands) as follows:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2002	2001	2000
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Recovery Sources			
Federal	\$ -	\$ 2,830	\$1,423
State	-	157	-
Insurance	-	219	383
	-----	-----	-----
Total Recovery	-	3,206	1,806
Loss Basis			
Net Book Value of Trees	-	238	1,222
Fruit Inventory	-	-	349
	-----	-----	-----
Total Basis	-	238	1,571
	-----	-----	-----
Excess of Recovery over Basis	\$ -	\$ 2,968	\$ 235
	-----	-----	-----

</TABLE>

15) Reportable Segment Information

The Company is primarily engaged in agricultural operations, which are subject to risk, including market prices, weather conditions and environmental concerns. The Company is also engaged in retail land sales and, from time to time, sells real estate considered surplus to its operating needs. Information about the Company's reportable segments (in thousands) for the years ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 is summarized as follows:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2002	2001	2000
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Revenues			
Agriculture:			
Citrus	\$ 25,105	\$ 27,570	\$ 28,172
Sugarcane	11,300	11,939	8,501
Ranch	9,591	9,299	6,062
Total revenues from external customers for reportable segments	45,996	48,808	42,735
Other revenues from external customers	3,189	2,725	2,472
Total consolidated revenues	\$ 49,185	\$ 51,533	\$ 45,207
Costs of sales:			
Citrus	\$ 21,421	\$ 22,450	\$ 21,431
Sugarcane	9,190	9,318	6,962
Ranch	8,782	7,704	5,323
Total costs of sales for reportable segments	39,393	39,472	33,716
Other costs of sales	114	140	127
Total consolidated costs of sales	\$ 39,507	\$ 39,612	\$ 33,843

<CAPTION>

	2002	2001	2000
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Gross profit:			
Agriculture:			
Citrus	\$ 3,684	\$ 5,120	\$ 6,741
Sugarcane	2,110	2,621	1,539
Ranch	809	1,595	739
Total profit for reportable segments	6,603	9,336	9,019
Other gross profit	3,075	2,585	2,345
Consolidated gross profit	9,678	11,921	11,364
Unallocated amounts:			
Profit on sale of bulk real estate	11,641	11,354	13,281
Other corporate expense	(11,526)	(3,163)	(4,070)
Income before income taxes	\$ 9,793	\$ 20,112	\$ 20,575

Capital expenditures:			
Agriculture:			
Citrus	\$ 4,704	\$ 3,310	\$ 1,331
Sugarcane	1,293	2,632	5,861
Ranch	3,240	2,157	2,940
Total agriculture capital expenditures for reportable segments	9,237	8,099	10,132
Other capital expenditures	548	773	853
Cattle transferred from inventory held for sale into breeding stock	(515)	(370)	(990)
Total consolidated capital expenditures	\$ 9,270	\$ 8,502	\$ 9,995
Depreciation, depletion and amortization:			
Agriculture:			
Citrus	\$ 2,394	\$ 2,405	\$ 2,417
Sugarcane	2,527	2,587	2,235
Ranch	1,573	1,456	(66)
Total depreciation, depletion and amortization for reportable segments	6,494	6,448	4,586
Other depreciation, depletion, and amortization	488	498	533
Total consolidated depreciation, depletion and amortization	\$ 6,982	\$ 6,946	\$ 5,119
Assets:			
Agriculture:			
Citrus	\$ 53,876	\$ 53,266	\$ 56,173
Sugarcane	50,083	51,678	50,784
Ranch	23,852	22,205	21,765
Total assets for reportable segments	127,811	127,149	128,722
Other assets	64,098	51,985	48,154
Total consolidated assets	\$191,909	\$179,134	\$176,876

</TABLE>

Identifiable assets represent assets on hand at year-end which are allocable to a particular segment either by their direct use or by allocation when used jointly by two or more segments. Other assets consist principally of cash, temporary investments, mortgage notes receivable, bulk land inventories, and property and equipment used in general corporate business.

SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA
(UNAUDITED)

Summarized quarterly financial data (in thousands except for per share amounts) for the years ended August 31, 2002 and August 31, 2001, is as follows:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Quarters Ended							
	November 30, 2001 2000		Feb. 28, 2002 2001		May 31, 2002 2001		August 31, 2002 2001	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Revenue:								
Citrus	\$ 1,506	\$ 1,096	\$ 7,689	\$10,421	\$ 9,889	\$12,658	\$ 6,021	\$3,395
Sugarcane	2,255	2,938	6,978	6,303	1,883	2,698	184	-
Ranch	3,590	4,800	2,013	951	2,536	2,156	1,452	1,392
Property								
sales	2,822	195	8,544	1,025	252	515	140	9,850
Interest	497	502	336	230	403	215	235	1,177
Other								
revenues	879	744	569	633	983	803	874	3,620
Total								
revenue	11,549	10,275	26,129	19,563	15,946	19,045	8,906	19,434
Costs and expenses:								
Citrus	1,485	835	7,348	9,425	7,605	9,396	4,983	2,794
Sugarcane	1,855	2,236	5,497	5,056	1,864	2,031	(26)	(5)
Ranch	3,010	4,315	1,857	918	2,434	1,446	1,481	1,025
Interest	514	729	531	980	682	647	694	673
Other	1,404	980	5,885	1,249	1,341	1,128	2,292	2,347
Total costs								
and ex-								
penses	8,268	9,095	21,118	17,628	13,926	14,648	9,424	6,834
Income be-								
fore income								
taxes	3,281	1,180	5,011	1,935	2,020	4,397	(518)	12,600
Provision for								
income								
taxes	277	375	295	644	1,589	1,425	98	1,602
Net income	\$3,004	\$ 805	\$4,716	\$1,291	\$ 431	\$2,972	\$ (616)	\$10,998
Basic earnings								
per share	\$.43	\$.11	\$.66	\$.18	\$.06	\$.42	\$ (.08)	\$1.58
Weighted average								
Shares out-								
standing	7,056	7,028	7,061	7,028	7,065	7,032	7,070	7,033

</TABLE>

Item 9. Changes in & Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant.

Executive Officers of the Company

Information with respect to Directors and Executive Officers

may be found under the captions "Nomination for Election as Directors" and "Executive Offices" of the Company's Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held December 5, 2002 (the "Proxy Statement"). Such information is incorporated herein by reference.

Section 16 - Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Based solely upon a review of Forms 3 and 4 and amendments thereto furnished to the Company pursuant to Rule 16a-3(e) during the 2002 fiscal year and Forms 5 and amendments thereto furnished to the Company during fiscal year 1992 and certain written representations, if any, made to the Company, no officer, director or beneficial owners of 10% or more of the Company's common stock has failed to file on a timely basis any reports required by Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act to be filed during fiscal 2002. For information with respect to the executive officers of the registrant, see "Executive Officers of the Registrant" at the end of Part I of this report.

The information called for regarding directors is incorporated by reference to the Company's Proxy Statement dated November 8, 2002.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The information in the Proxy Statement set forth under the captions "Executive Compensation" and "Directors' Compensation, Committees of the Board of Directors and certain meetings" is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management.

Information called for by Items 12 is incorporated by reference to the Company's Proxy Statement dated November 8, 2002.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.

Information called for by Items 13 is incorporated by reference to the Company's Proxy Statement dated November 8, 2002.

Item 14. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

The Company maintains controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Based upon their evaluation of those controls and procedures performed within 90 days of the filing date of this report, the Chief executive and Chief financial officers of the Company concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were adequate.

Changes in internal controls

The Company made no significant changes in its internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of the evaluation of those controls by the Chief Executive and Chief Financial officers.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and
Reports on Form 8-K.

(a)1. Financial Statements:

Included in Part II, Item 8 of this Report

Report of Independent Auditors'

Consolidated Balance Sheets - August 31, 2002 and 2001

Consolidated Statements of Operations - For the Years
Ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity - For
the Years Ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - For the Years
Ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000

(a)2. Financial Statement Schedules:

Selected Quarterly Financial Data - For the Years
Ended August 31, 2002 and 2001 - Included in Part II,
Item 8

Schedule I - Marketable Securities and Other
Investments - at August 31, 2002

Schedule V - Property, Plant and Equipment - For the
Years Ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000

Schedule VI - Reserves for Depreciation, Depletion and
Amortization of Property, Plant and Equipment - For
the Years Ended August 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000

Schedule IX - Supplementary Income Statement
Information - For the Years Ended August 31, 2002,
2001 and 2000

All other schedules not listed above are not submitted because they are not applicable or not required or because the required information is included in the financial statements or notes thereto.

(a)3. Exhibits:

(3) Articles of Incorporation: *

Schedule I - Restated Certificate of
Incorporation, Dated February 17, 1972

Schedule II - Certificate of Amendment to
Certificate of Incorporation, Dated
January 14, 1974

Schedule III - Amendment to Articles of

Incorporation, Dated January 14, 1987

Schedule IV - Amendment to Articles of
Incorporation, Dated December 27, 1988

Schedule V - By-Laws of Alico, Inc.,
Amended to September 13, 1994

- (4) Instruments Defining the Rights of Security
Holders, Including Indentures - Not Applicable
 - (10) Material Contracts - Citrus Processing and
Marketing Agreement with Ben Hill Griffin, Inc.,
dated November 2, 1983, a Continuing Contract. *
 - (11) Statement - Computation of Per Share Earnings
 - (12) Statement - Computation of Ratios
 - (19) Annual Report to Security Holders - By Reference
 - (21) Subsidiaries of the Registrant - Sadddlebag Lake
Resorts, Inc. (incorporated in 1971) and
Agri-Insurance Company, Ltd. (incorporated in 2000).
 - (22) Published Report Regarding Matters Submitted to
Vote of Security Holders - Not Applicable
- (99) Additional Exhibits - None

(b) Reports on Form 8-K:

Form 8-K dated September 17, 2002 regarding disposition
of land.

Form 8-K dated September 16, 2002 announcing new
Director.

Form 8-K dated February 25, 2002 regarding Chairman
adopting a written sales plan.

Form 8-K dated February 25, 2002 regarding amendment of
sales plan.

Form 8-K dated January 7, 2002 announcing of 13D/A
filing by majority shareholder group.

Form 8-K dated January 7, 2002 regarding purchase of
land.

Form 8-K dated January 31, 2002 regarding land
disposition revision.

Form 8-K dated December 12, 2001 announcing donation to
Florida Gulf Coast University.

Form 8-K dated December 7, 2001 announcing purchase of
land.

Form 8-K dated December 7, 2001 revising announcements
of land purchase.

Form 8-K dated December 6, 2001 regarding re-election of
Directors and election of officers.

Form 8-K dated December 4, 2001 regarding land
disposition.

Form 8-K dated November 20, 2001 regarding land disposition.

Form 8-K dated October 26, 2001 regarding land disposition.

Form 8-K dated October 9, 2001 regarding a settlement agreement and litigation in State Court, Polk County, Florida.

Form 8-K dated October 2, 2001 announcing 13D/A filing by Majority shareholder group.

Material has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and NASDAQ and may be obtained upon request.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

ALICO, INC.

SCHEDULE I

Marketable Securities and Other Investments

August 31, 2002

COLUMN A

COLUMN B

COLUMN C

COLUMN D

COLUMN E

Amount of Which

Name of Issuer and Title of Each Issue	Number of Shares or Units-Principal Amounts of Bonds and Notes	Cost of Each Issue	Market Value of Each Issue at Balance Sheet Date	Each Portfolio of Equity Security Issues and Each Other Security Issue Carried in the Balance Sheet
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Municipal Bonds	558,829	\$ 558,829	\$ 595,254	\$ 595,254
Corporate Bonds	882,176	882,176	745,850	745,850
Mutual-Debt	5,417,604	5,417,604	4,766,982	4,766,982
Preferred Stocks	125,500	3,159,887	3,146,153	3,146,153
Common Stocks	57,695	1,733,592	1,626,919	1,626,919
Mutual Equity	9,908,936	9,908,936	10,239,657	10,239,657
Other Investments	281,561	281,561	296,231	296,231
Total:		\$21,942,585	\$21,417,046	\$21,417,046

</TABLE>

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

ALICO, INC.

SCHEDULE V

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

COLUMN A

COLUMN B

COLUMN C

COLUMN D

COLUMN E

COLUMN F

Description	Balance Beginning of Period	Additions at Cost	Retire- ments or Sales	Other Changes Debit and/or Credit- Describe	Balance at Close of Period
For Year Ended August 31, 2002					
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Land	\$31,623,725	\$ 51,201	\$ 133,242	\$	\$ 31,541,684
Roads	2,188,493	58,138			2,246,631
Agricultural Land					
Preparation	9,906				9,906
Forest Improvements	100,026				100,026
Pasture					
Improvements	3,038,915	135,064			3,173,979
Buildings	3,788,616	138,770			3,927,386
Feeding and Watering					
Facilities for					
Cattle Herd	18,039	7,316	2,738		22,617
Water Control					
Facilities	5,338				5,338
Fences	286,273	17,461	1,037		302,697
Cattle Pens	176,073		9,329		166,744
Interest-Ranch	16,963	17,105			34,068
Irrigation System-					
Ranch	329,801	346,334			676,135
Citrus Groves,					
Including Irrigation					
Systems	45,112,548	4,064,545	1,295,996		47,881,097
Equipment	9,446,885	1,316,095	1,405,396		9,357,584
Breeding Herd	12,464,867	1,723,202	1,570,420		12,617,649
Sugarcane-Land Prep-					
aration, Etc.	27,039,605	1,177,767	1,364,621		26,852,751
Sod Land-Prep-					
aration, Etc.	857,910	725,806			1,583,716
Farm Land Prep-					
aration, Etc.	1,848,317	6,450			1,854,767
	\$138,352,300	\$ 9,785,254	\$5,782,779	\$	\$142,354,775

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

ALICO, INC.

SCHEDULE V

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C	COLUMN D	COLUMN E	COLUMN F
Description	Balance Beginning of Period	Additions at Cost	Retire- ments or Sales	Other Changes Debit and/or Credit- Describe	Balance at Close of Period
For Year Ended August 31, 2001					
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Land	\$32,395,754	\$ 42,266	\$ 814,295	\$	\$31,623,725
Roads	2,156,452	32,041			2,188,493
Agricultural Land					
Preparation	9,906				9,906
Forest Improvements	100,026				100,026
Pasture					

Improvements	3,012,907	50,446	24,438		3,038,915
Buildings	3,553,390	235,226			3,788,616
Feeding and Watering Facilities for					
Cattle Herd	22,995		4,956		18,039
Water Control Facilities	5,338				5,338
Fences	277,102	10,669	1,498		286,273
Cattle Pens	186,809		10,736		176,073
Interest-Ranch	0	16,963			16,963
Irrigation System- Ranch	0	329,801			329,801
Citrus Groves, Including Irrigation Systems	44,327,540	2,817,916	2,032,908		45,112,548
Equipment	8,956,294	1,100,457	609,866		9,446,885
Breeding Herd	13,713,389	1,531,307	2,779,829		12,464,867
Sugarcane-Land Prep- aration, Etc.	25,991,443	2,112,392	1,064,230		27,039,605
Sod-Land Prep- aration, Etc.	270,719	587,191			857,910
Farm Land Prep- aration	1,842,317	6,000			1,848,317
	<u>\$136,822,381</u>	<u>\$ 8,872,675</u>	<u>\$7,342,756</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$138,352,300</u>

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

ALICO, INC.

SCHEDULE V

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C	COLUMN D	COLUMN E	COLUMN F
Description	Balance Beginning of Period	Additions at Cost	Retire- ments or Sales	Other Changes Debit and/or Credit- Describe	Balance at Close of Period
For the Year Ended August 31, 2000					
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Land	\$32,446,339	\$ 15,821	\$ 66,406	\$	\$32,395,754
Roads	1,415,260	741,192			2,156,452
Agricultural Land Preparation	9,906				9,906
Forest Improvements	100,026				100,026
Pasture Improve- ments	2,988,469	24,438			3,012,907
Buildings	3,378,101	293,695	118,406		3,553,390
Feeding and Watering Facilities for					
Cattle Herd	17,454	5,541			22,995
Water Control Facilities	5,338				5,338
Fences	266,909	24,402	14,209		277,102
Cattle Pens	155,652	31,157			186,809
Citrus Groves, Including Irri- gation Systems	46,184,668	849,070	2,706,198		44,327,540
Equipment	8,159,823	1,555,882	759,411		8,956,294
Breeding Herd	12,584,592	2,619,785	1,490,988		13,713,389
Sugarcane-Land Prep., Etc.	22,634,544	4,736,794	1,379,895		25,991,443
Sod-Land Prep-					

aration, Etc.	191,441	79,278			270,719
Farm Land Preparation	1,834,317	8,000			1,842,317
	<u>1,834,317</u>	<u>8,000</u>			<u>1,842,317</u>
	<u>\$132,372,839</u>	<u>\$10,985,055</u>	<u>\$6,535,513</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$136,822,381</u>
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

* Reclassification from other assets.

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

ALICO, INC.

SCHEDULE VI

Reserves for Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of Property, Plant and Equipment

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C	COLUMN D	COLUMN E	COLUMN F
Description	Balance Beginning of Period	Additions Charged To Profit & Loss of Income	Retirements	Other Changes Add (Deduct) Describe	Balance at Close of Period
For Year Ended August 31, 2002					
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Buildings	\$ 1,662,509	\$ 170,298	\$	\$	\$ 1,832,807
Feeding and Watering Facilities for Cattle Herd	4,845	1,344	2,738		3,451
Fences	157,483	29,323	1,037		185,769
Cattle Pens	102,801	13,155	9,329		106,627
Interest-Ranch	283	2,124			2,407
Irrigation System-Ranch	3,997	24,028			28,025
Citrus Groves, Including Irrigation Systems	14,836,199	1,922,057	992,449		15,765,807
Equipment	5,621,992	1,080,638	1,350,503		5,352,127
Breeding Herd	4,467,256	1,332,142	1,039,502		4,759,896
Roads	288,519	122,624			411,143
Sugarcane Lane Preparation, Etc.	7,519,249	2,220,866	1,364,620		8,375,495
Sod Land Preparation, Etc.	24,553	24,799			49,352
Farm Land Preparation	188,624	38,823			227,447
	<u>\$34,878,310</u>	<u>\$6,982,221</u>	<u>\$4,760,178</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$37,100,353</u>
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

ALICO, INC.

SCHEDULE VI

Reserves for Depreciation, Depletion and
Amortization of Property, Plant and Equipment

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C	COLUMN D	COLUMN E	COLUMN F
Description	Balance Beginning of Period	Additions Charged To Profit & Loss of Income	Retire- ments	Other Changes Add(Deduct) Describe	Balance at Close of Period
For Year Ended August 31, 2001					
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Buildings	\$ 1,502,400	\$ 160,109	\$	\$	\$ 1,662,509
Feeding and Watering Facilities for Cattle Herd	9,067	734	4,956		4,845
Fences	129,521	28,165	203		157,483
Cattle Pens	99,012	14,525	10,736		102,801
Interest- Ranch	0	283			283
Irrigation System- Ranch	0	3,997			3,997
Citrus Groves, Including Irriga- tion Systems	13,715,634	1,949,064	828,499		14,836,199
Equipment	5,088,513	1,037,208	503,729		5,621,992
Breeding Herd	5,132,625	1,275,138	1,940,507		4,467,256
Roads	173,052	115,467			288,519
Sugarcane-Land Prep- aration, Etc.	5,950,645	2,314,161	745,557		7,519,249
Sod-Land Prepara- tion, Etc.	16,066	8,487			24,553
Farm Land Preparation	149,957	38,667			188,624
	\$31,966,492	\$6,946,005	\$4,034,187	\$ 0	\$34,878,310

</TABLE>

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<CAPTION>

ALICO, INC.

SCHEDULE VI

Reserves for Depreciation, Depletion and
Amortization of Property, Plant and Equipment

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C	COLUMN D	COLUMN E	COLUMN F
Description	Balance Beginning	Additions Charged To Profit & Loss	Retire- ments	Other Changes Add(Deduct)	Balance at Close of

Description	of Period	of Income	ments	Desccribe	Period
For the Year Ended August 31, 2000					
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Buildings	\$ 1,407,257	\$ 153,267	\$ 58,124	\$	\$ 1,502,400
Feeding and Watering Facilities for Cattle Herd	8,496	571			9,067
Fences	117,083	26,647	14,209		129,521
Cattle Pens	85,215	13,797			99,012
Citrus Groves, Including Irrigation Systems	13,213,300	1,986,634	1,484,300		13,715,634
Equipment	4,793,420	989,713	694,620		5,088,513
Breeding Herd	6,276,893	(220,982)	923,286		5,132,625
Roads	113,385	59,667			173,052
Sugarcane-Land Prep., Etc.	5,263,793	2,066,746	1,379,894		5,950,645
Sod-Land Prep- aration, Etc.	11,414	4,652			16,066
Farm Land Preparation	111,815	38,142			149,957
	<u>\$31,402,071</u>	<u>\$5,118,854</u>	<u>\$4,554,433</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$31,966,492</u>

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ALICO, INC.

SCHEDULE IX

SUPPLEMENTARY INCOME STATEMENT INFORMATION

COLUMN A	COLUMN B		
	Charged to Costs and Expenses		
	Years Ended August 31,		
Item	2002	2001	2000
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
1. Maintenance and repairs	\$ 861,587	\$1,475,565	\$1,294,131
2. Taxes, other than payroll and income taxes	2,053,763	1,616,942	2,130,749

</TABLE>

EXHIBIT 11

ALICO, INC.

Computation of Weighted Average Shares Outstanding as of
August 31, 2002:

Number of shares outstanding at August 31, 2002:	7,080,344
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
Number of shares outstanding at August 31, 2001:	7,044,513
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
Weighted Average 9/1/01 - 8/31/02:	7,070,024
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>

EXHIBIT 12

ALICO, INC.

Computation of Ratios:

2002 Current Assets \$66,267,326
Current Liabilities 9,543,009

66,267,326 divided by 9,543,009 = 6.94:1

2001 Current Assets \$61,344,839
Current Liabilities 7,690,600

61,344,839 divided by 7,690,600 = 7.98:1

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ALICO, INC.
(Registrant)

November 12, 2002

/s/ Ben Hill Griffin, III

Date

Ben Hill Griffin, III
Chairman, Chief Executive
Officer and Director

November 12, 2002

/s/ W. Bernard Lester

Date

W. Bernard Lester
President, Chief Operating
Officer and Director

November 12, 2002

/s/ L. Craig Simmons

Date

L. Craig Simmons
Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated:

/s/ Richard C. Ackert

Richard C. Ackert
Director

/s/ Ben Hill Griffin, IV

Ben Hill Griffin, IV
Director

/s/ K. E. Hartsaw

K. E. Hartsaw
Director

/s/ Thomas E. Oakley

Thomas E. Oakley
Director

/s/ William L. Barton

William L. Barton
Director

/s/ Monterey Campbell, III

Monterey Campbell, III
Director

/s/ Walker E. Blount, Jr.

Walker E. Blount, Jr.
Director

/s/ Amy Gravina

Amy Gravina
Director

November 12, 2002

Date

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated:

I, Ben Hill Griffin, III, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Alico, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this

annual report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;

b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this annual report on September 10, 2002; and

c) presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors:

a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this annual report whether there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: November 12, 2003

/s/ Ben Hill Griffin, III

Ben Hill Griffin, III
Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated:

I, L. Craig Simmons, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Alico, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this annual report on September 10, 2002; and
 - c) presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors:
 - a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this annual report whether there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could

significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: November 12, 2003

/s/ L. Craig Simmons

L. Craig Simmons
Chief Financial Officer
and Vice President